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For: ELECTRO-OPTICAL CONNECTOR MODULE

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

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Attached please find the certified copy of the foreign application from which priority is claimed for this case:

Country

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Application Number

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Filing Date

: 8 February 2000

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> VATURE OF ATTORMEY Clarence A. Green

Reg. No.: 24,622

Type or print name of attorney

Tel. No.: (203) 259-1800

Perman & Green, LLP

Customer No.: 2512

P.O. Address

425 Post Road, Fairfield, CT 06430

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FCI'S-HERTOGENBOSCH B.V.

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een aanvrage om octrooi werd ingediend voor:

"Electro-optical connector module",

en dat de hieraan gehechte stukken overeenstemmen met de oorspronkelijk ingediende stukken.

Rijswijk, 6 februari 2001

De Directeur van het Bureau voor de Industriële Eigendom,

voor deze.

drs. N.A. Oudhof

ABSTRACT

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The invention pertains to an electro-optical connector module comprising a connection part, at least one optical transmitter circuit and/or optical receiver circuit and at least one electro-optical converter for respectively converting electrical signals into optical signals or vice versa. The module further comprises at least two substantially flat and substantially parallel electrically insulating sheets on which the transmitter circuit and/or receiver circuit and the converter are mounted. It is preferred that the connector module according, comprises at least one optical transmitter circuit, at least one optical receiver circuit and at least two electro-optical converters for respectively converting electrical signals into optical signals and vice versa, wherein the optical transmitter circuit and a first converter are mounted on a first sheet and the optical receiver circuit and a second converter are mounted on a second sheet.

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Electro-optical connector module

The invention pertains to an electro-optical connector module comprising a connection part, such as a header or a receptacle for connection to a counterpart, at least one optical transmitter circuit and/or optical receiver circuit and at least one electro-optical converter for respectively converting electrical signals into optical signals or vice versa.

Such electro-optical connector modules are known from US 4,149,072 and are more and more employed when high-rate transmissions (up to 10 Gbits/s) are required.

It is an object of the present invention to provide an improved electrical optical connector module of the kind described above.

To this end, the electro-optical connector module according to the present invention comprises at least two substantially flat and substantial parallel electrically insulating sheets on which the transmitter circuit and/or receiver circuit and the converter are mounted.

By using two or more of such sheets, the size of the module can be drastically reduced, preferably at least to the external dimensions of existing electrical connectors such as those of the Metral® or Millipacs® type.

A preferred electro-optical connector module according to the present invention comprises at least one optical transmitter circuit, at least one optical receiver circuit and at least two electro-optical converters for respectively converting electrical signals into optical signals and vice versa, wherein the optical transmitter circuit and a first converter are mounted on a first sheet and the optical receiver circuit and the second converter are mounted on a second sheet. Thus, the components needed for

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transmitting and the components needed for receiving are separated to the maximum extent possible and interference or crosstalk are reduced. Further, connections between the said components can be kept as simple and short as possible.

It is further preferred that the sheets are connected by means of a flexible material. In that case the sheets and the connecting parts, for instance, can be cut or punched from a flexible foil and thus form an integral whole. Another possibility, for instance, is the use of so-called semi-rigid printed circuit boards or PCB's, which comprise two or more rigid sheets attached to a flexible substrate. As a result of the flexible connection, the components can be attached to the sheets whilst a maximum of space is available and the sheets can subsequently be folded to minimise the size of the eventual module.

In those cases where the module comprises at least three substantially flat and substantially parallel electrically insulating sheets that are preferably also substantially square or rectangular and wherein the first and the second sheet are connected to adjacent sides of the third sheet by means of a flexible sheet material, folding can be carried out in two (preferably perpendicular) directions, thus further increasing the possibilities of keeping the module as small as possible and allowing maximum use of raw material (in this case flexible foil).

In general, it is preferred that the electrooptical connector module according to the present invention comprises an effective shielding, so as to protect the module from Electro Magnetic Interference or EMI.

It is further preferred that the connection part of the module comprises a housing of an insulating material for accommodating one or more contact elements and that the housing is used to provide mechanical strength to the entire structure by attaching the sheets to the said housing. In an especially advantageous embodiment, the housing comprises

building blocks to some or each of which one of the sheets is attached. The invention further pertains to a method of making an electro-optical connector module that comprises sheets that are connected by means of a flexible sheet material, wherein the sheets are folded and fixed with respect to one another. The invention will be further explained with reference to the drawings in which two embodiments of the connector module according to the present invention are schemati-10 cally shown. Figure 1 shows a perspective view of a first embodiment of the connector module according to the present invention. Figure 2 shows the connector module according to 15 figure 1 with the shielding material removed and rotated 90 degrees about its central longitudinal axis. Figure 3 shows a core component of a second embodiment of the connector module according to the present inven-20 tion, Figure 4 shows the component of figure 3 in a folded position. Figure 5 shows the folded component of figure 4 with some parts of a connection means attached to it. Figure 1 shows as an example an electro-optical 25 connector module 1 comprising an electrical connection section 2 and, opposite this section 2, an optical connection section 3. The connector module 1 is provided with polarizing protrusions 4, 4' on two opposite sides of the connector module 1. Further, EMI shielding is provided by a hood 5 30 that, in this case, is manufactured from a thin metal sheet and that comprises three protrusions 6 on two opposite sides for grounding the shielding. The optical connection section 3 comprises an optical connector part 7 that comprises two alignment holes 8 and the ends of in this case eight openual 35 fibres 9.

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As can be seen in figure 2, which shows the connector module 1 according to figure 1 without the hood 5 and without the optical connection section 3, the electrical connection section 2 comprises a housing 11 of an electrically insulating material such as, e.g., plastic. The housing 11 comprises 5x6 positions 12 each of which contains a contact element (not shown). The function of the contact elements varies; some will serve to guide an electrical signal that is to be converted and transmitted or a received signal, whereas others will serve for power supply to and grounding of the components contained in the connector module 1.

In the present example, the housing 11 comprises two slots 13 with PCB's 14, 15 secured therein. The first PCB 14 is provided with a receiver 16 that contains four PIN-diodes (not shown). The receiver 16 is optically connected to four of the eight optical fibres 9 so as to be able to receive optical signals, e.g. from a cable attached to the connector module 1. The detector 16 is electrically connected to a preamplifier 17 which in turn is connected to a decoder 18. The decoder 18 is connected to the contact elements contained in the housing 11. The second PCB 15 comprises a transmitter 19 that contains four vertical cavity surface emitting lasers or VCSEL's (not shown) that are optically connected to four of the optical fibres 9. The laser 19 is electrically connected to a driver 20 and an encoder 21. All electrical connections within the connector module 1 are established by means of so-called differential pairs.

By using the two parallel PCB's 14, 15, the connector module 1 can be small in size and it can be designed in such a way that it is pin-to-pin compatible with existing receptacles or headers.

Figure 3 shows a flat foil 30 consisting of six rectangular sheets 31, which are connected by means of in termediate sections 32a, 32b that are, as a matter or source, also flexible. Figure 4 shows how the clat fact 5

according to figure 3 can be folded into a very compact structure comprising six parallel rectangular sheets 31. Further, figure 5 shows a housing 33 that consists of six building blocks 34 each of which contains five positions 35 for accommodating a contact element. Each of the building blocks 34 can be attached to a corresponding sheet 31 prior to the folding of the flat foil 30. Upon folding of the flat foil 30, mechanical strength is inherently provided by the housing 33. Mechanical strength and positioning of the structure can be further improved by using a pin 36 that is fitted through holes 37 that are provided in the sheets 31.

Upon folding the flat foil 30 and fixing the positions thereof, an optical connection section 38 can be attached to the intermediate section 32b. The intermediate sections 32a, 32b may already contain optical and/or electrical leads and/or a rigid part.

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It will be clear from the above explanation, that this second embodiment can be assembled quickly and securely.

The invention is not restricted to the above described emcodiments which can be varied in a number ways within the scope of the claims. More particularly, as is well-known, each transmitter can be used as a receiver and vice versa. So, on both flat insulating sheets we can find the same components able to work as a transmitter or receiver.

CLAIMS

- 1. Electro-optical connector module comprising a connection part, at least one optical transmitter circuit and/or optical receiver circuit and at least one electro-optical converter for respectively converting electrical signals into optical signals or vice versa, characterised in that the module further comprises at least two substantially flat and substantially parallel electrically insulating sheets on which the transmitter circuit and/or receiver circuit and the converter are mounted.
- 2. Electro-optical connector module according to claim 1, comprising at least one optical transmitter circuit, at least one optical receiver circuit and at least two electro-optical converters for respectively converting electrical signals into optical signals and vice versa, wherein the optical transmitter circuit and a first converter are mounted on a first sheet and the optical receiver circuit and a second converter are mounted on a second sheet.
 - 3. Electro-optical connector module according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the sheets are connected by means of a flexible sheet material.

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- 4. Electro-optical connector module according to claim 3, which comprises a least three substantially flat and substantially parallel electrically insulating sheets that are substantially square or rectangular and wherein the first and the second sheet are connected to adjacent sides of the third sheet by means of a flexible sheet material.
- 5. Electro-optical connector module according to claim 3 or 4, wherein a component for optical input and/or output is provided on the connecting flexible sheet material, preferably opposite the connection part, and wherein the connecting flexible sheet material can also comprise a rigid part.

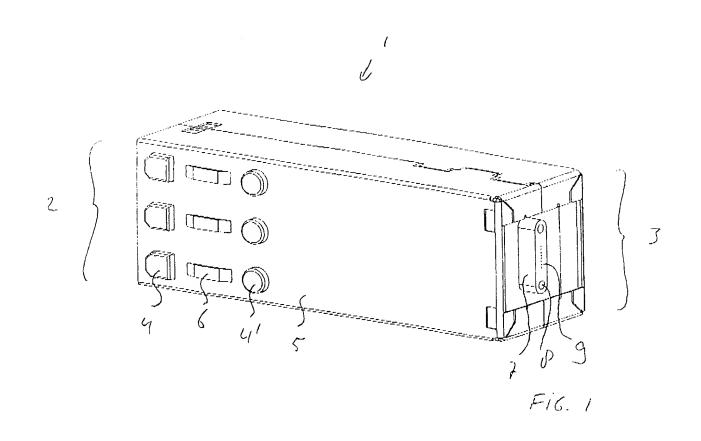
- 6. Electro-optical connector module according to any one of the preceding claims, which comprises a shielding.
- 7. Electro-optical connector module according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the connection part comprises a housing of an insulating material for accommodating one or more contact elements and wherein the sheets are attached to the said housing.
- 8. Electro-optical connector module according to claim 7, wherein the housing comprises building blocks to which a sheet is attached.

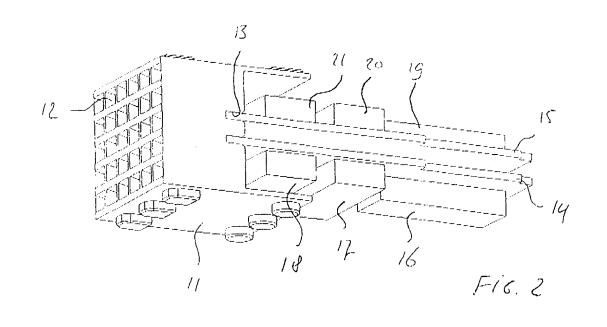
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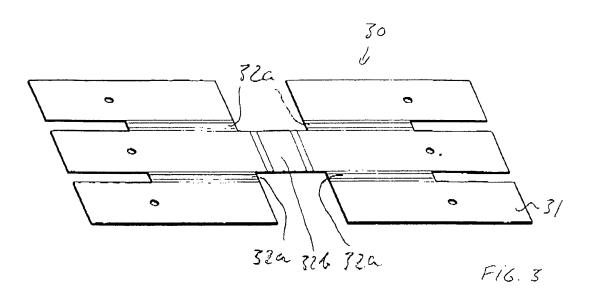
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- 9. Method of making an electro-optical connector module comprising a connection part and at least two substantially flat and substantially parallel electrically insulating sheets that are connected by means of a flexible sheet material, which method comprises the steps of mounting at least one optical transmitter circuit and/or optical receiver circuit and at least one electro-optical converter for respectively converting electrical signals into optical signals or vice versa on the sheets, folding the sheets and fixing the position of the sheets with respect to one another.
- 10. Method according to claim 9, wherein the connection part comprises a housing of an insulating material for accommodating one or more contact elements, which housing comprises building blocks and wherein at least some of the building blocks are attached to corresponding sheets prior to the folding of the sheets.







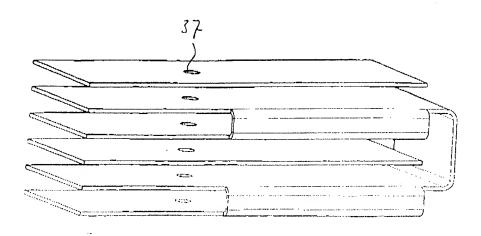
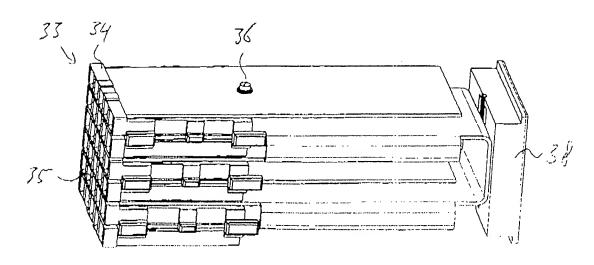


Fig. 4



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